The Johnson River viewed from the east.

Protected-water Boom

Diversion Booming

Exclusion Booming

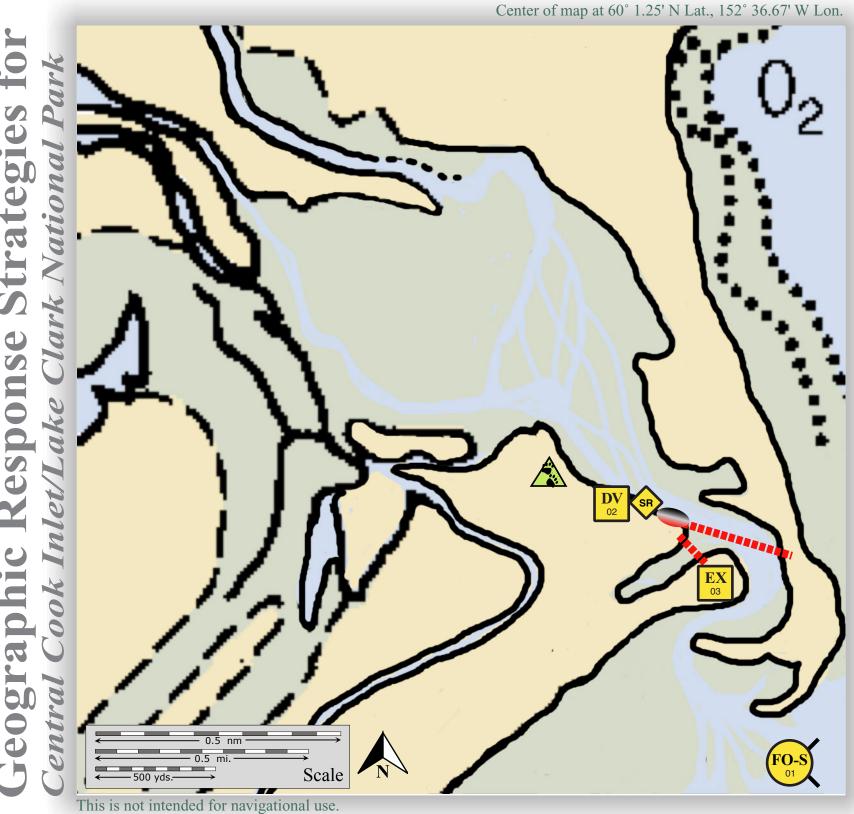
Tidal Seal Boom

Shoreside Recovery

Bears in Area - Guards



Johnson River, CCI-25



ID	Location and Description	Response Strategy	Implementation	Response Resources	Staging Area	Site Access	Resources Protected (months)	Special Considerations
CCI-25-01 FO-S CCI-25-02	Johnson River Nearshore waters in the general area of: Lat. 59° 0.85 N Lon. 152° 35.41 W Johnson River	Free-oil Recovery Maximize free-oil recovery in the offshore & nearshore environment of Johnson River depending on spill location and trajectory. Divert and Collect	Deploy free-oil recovery strike teams upwind and up current of Johnson River. Use aerial surveillance to locate incoming slicks. On a rising tide, deploy anchors and boom with	Deploy multiple free-oil recovery strike teams as required to maximize interception of oil before it impacts sensitive areas. Deployment	Homer or Snug Harbor	Via marine waters Chart 16661-1 Via marine	Same as CCI-25-02 Fish- intertidal	Vessel master should have local knowledge. Use extreme caution, shoal waters with numerous reefs and rocks. Vessel master should have
DV	Lat. 60° 0.87 N Lon. 152°36.21 W	Divert and Conect Divert oil to shore-side collection points determined by spill source and trajectory.	skiffs (class 6). Shallow waters may require the use of a jet driven boat or airboat. Place 100 ft. of tidal-seal on the collection beach and complete with 1200 ft. of protected-water boom at proper angle to divert incoming oil to the collection site. Set-up collection site using shore-side collection units or if oil volume is minimal, use sorbent boom or snare line to collect oil. Tend throughout the tide.	Equipment 1200 ft. protected-water boom 100 ft. tidal-seal boom 6 ea. small anchor systems 8 ea. anchor stakes 1 ea. shore-side collection units Vessels 1 ea. class 3 1 ea. class 6 Personnel/Shift 5 ea. vessel crew 2 ea. response techs Tending Vessels 1 ea. class 6 Personnel/Shift 2 ea. vessel crew 1 ea. response tech	platform	waters Chart 16661-1	spawning- salmon (May-Sept.) Birds-waterfowl concentration Marine mammals-seals Human use-commercial fishing, subsistence, high recreation use Habitat- marsh gravel beaches	local knowledge. Take appropriate measures as outlined in STAR Manual to protect the beach at the collection site. Local bear viewing lodges may provide local knowledge and support for operations. A large population of bears forage on the tidal flats in the spring/summer and during salmon runs. A bear guard is required during these periods. Title 41 permit may be required from ADNR. Tested: not yet
CCI-25-03 EX	Johnson River Lat. 60° 0.81 N Lon. 152°36.19 W	Exclusion Exclude oil from impacting the identified intertidal area in the Johnson River.	Deploy anchors and boom with skiffs (class 6) at high tide. Consider using airboats or jet-drive outboard due to shallow waters. Place and anchor a 400 ft. section of protected-water boom across the entrance to the intertidal area in front of the diversion tactic. Tend throughout the tide.	Deployment Equipment 400 ft. protected-water boom 2 ea. small anchor systems 4 ea. anchor stakes Vessels/Personnel/Shift Same as CCI-25-02 Tending Vessels/Personnel/Shift Same as CCI-25-02	Vessel platform	Via marine waters Chart 16661-1	Same as CCI-25-02	Vessel master should have local knowledge. During winter months formation of pan ice in the bays may occur during colder periods. In the event of ice conditions, focus on free-oil recovery. Site surveyed: 9/13/10 Tested: not yet